

### **ProductInformation**

### SIGMA QUALITY CONTROL TEST PROCEDURE

Enzymatic Assay of D-LACTIC DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.1.1.28)
Sigma Prod. Nos. L-2011, L-2395, L-3888, and L-9636

#### **PRINCIPLE:**

Pvruvate +  $\beta$ -NADH <sup>D</sup>-Lactic Dehydrogenase</sup> > D-Lactate +  $\beta$ -NAD

Abbreviations used:

 $\beta$ -NADH =  $\beta$ -Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form  $\beta$ -NAD =  $\beta$ -Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Oxidized Form

**CONDITIONS:** T = 25°C, pH = 7.0,  $A_{340nm}$ , Light path = 1 cm

**METHOD:** Continuous Spectrophotometric Rate Determination

#### **REAGENTS:**

- A. 100 mM Potassium Phosphate Buffer, pH 7.0 at 25°C (Prepare 200 ml in deionized water using Potassium Phosphate, Monobasic, Anhydrous, Sigma Prod. No. P-5379. Adjust to pH 7.0 at 25°C with 1 M KOH.)
- B. 11 mM β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form Solution (β-NADH) (Prepare 1 ml in cold deionized water using β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form, Disodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. N-8129. **PREPARE FRESH.)**
- C. 20 mM Sodium Pyruvate Solution (Pyruvate)
   (Prepare 1.0 ml in cold deionized water using Pyruvic Acid, Sodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. P-2256.)
- D. 1.0% (w/v) Bovine Serum Albumin Solution (BSA)
   (Prepare 50 ml in Reagent A using Albumin, Bovine, Sigma Prod. No. A-4503 or equivalent.)
- E. D-Lactic Dehydrogenase Enzyme Solution (Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 0.3 0.60 unit/ml of D-Lactic Dehydrogenase in cold Reagent D. **PREPARE FRESH**.)

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#### PROCEDURE:

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable cuvettes:

	<u>l est</u>	Blank
Reagent A (Buffer)	2.50	2.50
Reagent B (β-NADH)	0.05	0.05
Reagent C (Pyruvate)	0.10	0.10

Mix by inversion and equilibrate to  $25^{\circ}$ C. Monitor the  $A_{340nm}$  until constant, using a suitably thermostatted spectrophotometer. Then add:

Reagent D (BSA)		0.05
Reagent E (Enzyme Solution)	0.05	

Immediately mix by inversion and record the decrease in  $A_{340nm}$  for approximately 5 minutes. Obtain the  $\Delta A_{340nm}$ /minute using the maximum linear rate for both the Test and Blank.

#### **CALCULATIONS:**

Units/ml enzyme = 
$$\frac{(\Delta A_{340nm}/min \, \text{Test - } \Delta A_{340nm}/min \, \text{Blank})(2.7)(df)}{(6.22)(0.05)}$$

$$2.7 = \text{Total volume (in milliliters) of the assay}$$

$$df = \text{Dilution}$$

$$6.22 = \text{Millimolar extinction coefficient of } \beta\text{-NADH at } 340 \, \text{nm}$$

$$0.05 = \text{Volume (in milliliters) of assay}$$

$$\text{Units/mg solid} = \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg solid/ml enzyme}}$$

$$\text{Units/mg protein} = \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg protein/ml enzyme}}$$

#### **UNIT DEFINITION:**

One unit will reduce 1.0 µmole of pyruvate to D-lactate per minute at pH 7.0 at 25°C.

#### FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:

In a 2.75 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 94 mM potassium phosphate, 0.20 mM  $\beta$ -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide, reduced form, 0.74 mM pyruvate, 0.015 - 0.03 unit D-lactic dehydrogenase.

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#### NOTES:

- 1. This assay is based on the cited reference.
- 2. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

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