

## Technical Data Sheet

### HAYFLICK Broth

Ordering number: 1.46452.0001

HAYFLICK Broth is recommended for the general detection of mycoplasmas in pharmaceutical products, especially in bulk vaccines, cell banks, and virus cultures.

The formulation of the basic medium is prepared according to the recommendations of the current European Pharmacopoeia (EP, 2.6.7.).

HAYFLICK Broth comes in a 125 mL-bottle with screw cap with a filling volume of 100 mL.

### Mode of Action

HAYFLICK Broth is supplemented with horse serum to provide useable cholesterol and fatty acids. Deoxyribonucleic acid provides purine and pyrimidine bases, which cannot be synthesized by mycoplasmas. Due to Phenol Red a color change of the medium to yellow or purple indicates growth of mycoplasmas. Penicillin inhibits the growth of accompanying bacterial flora.

### Typical Composition

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Yeast Extract	19.6 g/L
Heart-Infusion-Broth	17.7 g/L
Horse serum	157 mL/L
Phenol red	24 mg
Penicillin	40 Iku
DNA sodium salt	19 mg

The appearance of the medium is clear and red with potential presence of discrete flocks. The pH value is in the range of 7.6-8.0. The medium can be adjusted and/or supplemented according to the performance criteria required.

### Application and Interpretation

Mycoplasma are the smallest bacteria besides nanobacteria. Due to the lack of cell wall structures they are able to pass filters with pore sizes of 0.2 µm and show a great sensitivity towards osmotic changes within their habitats. They grow aerobically or under facultative anaerobic conditions.

Mycoplasmas are either parasitic or saprophytic. Several species such as *M. pneumoniae* are pathogenic, which causes pneumonia and other respiratory disorders in humans. *M. genitalium* is presumably involved in pelvic inflammatory diseases. They do not respond to antibiotics that target cell wall synthesis, like penicillin. Their optimum growth temperature is in the range of the host temperature (e.g. 37 °C in humans).

Most mycoplasmas require sterols to stabilize their cytoplasmic membranes. Sterols are taken up from environmental sources, usually as cholesterol from the animal host.

*M. synoviae* is not able to grow on HAYFLICK Broth because growth depends on NAD. *M. hyorhinis* (ATCC 29052), which is recommended as a fastidious strain for use in indicator cell method, is also not able to grow on this medium.

The following test strains show good growth on HAYFLICK Broth (validation with 3 test lots):

- *A. laidlawii* (NCTC 10116 and BRP)
- *M. fermentans* (NCTC 10117 and BRP)
- *M. gallisepticum* (NCTC 10115)
- *M. hyorhinis* (NCTC 10130 and BRP)
- *M. orale* (NCTC 10112 and BRP)
- *M. pneumoniae* (NCTC 10119)

The BRP strains of *M. fermentans* and *A. laidlawii* grow quicker on FRIIS and FREY Broth (article numbers 146180 and 146311, respectively).

According to the recommendations of the European Pharmacopoeia 100 mL of HAYFLICK Broth are inoculated with 10 mL of the product to be tested. The bottles are tightly closed and incubated for 20 to 21 days at 35-37 °C. They are monitored every 2-3 days and are subcultured, if a color change occurs.

On days 2-4, 6-8, 13-15, and 19-21 after inoculation the liquid media are subcultured on at least one plate of each type of solid agar (article number 14602) and incubated under microaerophilic conditions at 35-37 °C for 14 days except the last subculture from day 19-21 which can only be incubated for 7 days.

In addition, 0.2 mL of the product to be tested are inoculated directly onto each of the solid agar media and incubated for not less than 14 days under microaerophilic conditions (5-10 % CO<sub>2</sub>) and sufficient humidity at 35-37 °C.

Positive and negative controls have to be performed.

According to the recommendations of EP the solid media are viewed for typical mycoplasma colonies.

**Note:** A subculture from yellow or purple colored liquid medium may lead to negative growth results because the mycoplasmas are sensitive towards acidic or alkaline conditions.

According to EP the product complies, if no mycoplasmas are present on the inoculated solid media.

## Storage and Shelf Life

The product can be used for tests until the expiry date if protected from light and properly sealed at +2 °C to +8 °C.

The testing procedures as described on the CoA can be started up to the expiry date printed on the label.

## Disposal

Please mind the respective regulations for the disposal of used culture medium (e.g. autoclave for 20 min at 121 °C, disinfect, incinerate, etc.).

## Quality Control

Control Strains	ATCC #	Inoculum CFU	Incubation	Expected Results
<i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i>	19610	10-100	Max. 14 d at 35-37 °C	Recovery rate 32 -316 %
<i>Mycoplasma orale</i>	23714	10-100	Max. 14 d at 35-37 °C	Recovery rate 32 -316 %
<i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i>	15531	10-100	Max. 14 d at 35-37 °C	Recovery rate 32 -316 %

Please refer to the actual batch related Certificate of Analysis.

## Literature

European Pharmacopoeia 8.0 (2014): 2.6.7. Mycoplasmas.

Olson, N.O. and Kish Meadows, J (1971): The nicotine adenine dinucleotide requirement of *Mycoplasma synoviae*. Avian Dis. 16: 387-396.

Razin, S. (1978): The Mycoplasmas. Microbiol. Reviews 42: 414-470.

## Ordering information

Product	Cat. No.	Pack size
HAYFLICK Broth	1.46452.0001	1 x 100 mL bottle
HAYFLICK Agar	1.46029.0020	20 x 60 mm plates
FRIIS Broth	1.46180.0001	1 x 100 mL bottle
FREY Broth	1.46311.0001	1 x 100 mL bottle

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