

## RABBIT ANTI-ANGPTL4 (MID) POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY

QUANTITY: **CATALOG NUMBER:** AB10605 100 µg

LOT NUMBER: **CONCENTRATION:** 

**CLONE NAME:** ZMD.521 HOST/ISOTYPE: **RABBIT** 

**BACKGROUND:** ANGPTL4 (angiopoietin-like protein 4, hepatic fibrinogen/angiopoietin-related protein (HFARP), fasting-

induced adipose factor (FIAF), PPARy angiopoietin-related protein (PGAR)) is a secreted protein selectively expressed in adipose tissue, liver, and placent, that plays a variety of roles in vivo, ranging from adipogenesis to angiogenesis to carcinogenesis. Several transcription factors exert influence on ANGPTL4 transcription, including PPARα, PPARγ, and HIF 1α. PPARα and HIF 1α synergistically cause the activation of ANGPTL4 in cardiomyocytes; induction of ANGPTL4 in the heart inhibits lipoproteinderived fatty acid delivery. As a transcriptional target of PPARy, ANGPTL4 has been hypothesized to play a role in adipogenesis, insulin sensitivity, and energy metabolism. The expression of ANGPTL4 is also under nutritional and hormonal control. During fasting conditions, transcription of ANGPTL4 in both liver and adipose tissue is induced independently of PPARa1 While circulating levels of ANGPTL4 are increased in genetically obese mice, rodents fed a highfat diet demonstrate reduced circulating ANGPTL4 levels, suggesting that ANGPTL4 may be involved in response to the availability of nutrients. In endothelial cells, ANGPTL4 mRNA and protein levels increase in response to hypoxia. ANGPTL4 has been observed to induce a strong pro-angiogenic response independent of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), and its expression has been described in hypoxic human tissues as well as a variety of

cancers, including liposarcoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, and conventional renal cell carcinoma. Taken together, these findings suggest that ANGPTL4 may be involved in the mechanisms that compensate for

ischemia by angiogenesis.

SPECIFICITY: Recognizes ANGPTL4 (MID).

Synthetic peptide derived from an internal region of the human ANGTPL4 protein, which differs **IMMUNOGEN:** 

from rat and mouse by one and two conservative amino acid replacements, respectively.

**APPLICATIONS:** Western Blotting: 1-3 µg/mL

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Human, Mouse, Rat (positive controls: HepG2 and NGP96 cell lysates, mouse placenta and rat SPECIES REACTIVITY:

liver homogenates, serum-stimulated mouse 3T3-L1 embryo fibroblast lysates, and 2 week-old

mouse brain homogenates).

FORMAT: This antibody is epitope-affinity purified from rabbit antiserum.

400 µL aliquot at a concentration of 0.25 mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) containing PRESENTATION:

0.1% sodium azide.

STORAGE/HANDLING: Maintain at -20℃ in undiluted aliquots for up to 12 months.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

REFERENCES: Kersten S, et al. (2000) J Biol Chem 275:28488-28493.

Kim I, et al. (2000) Biochem J 346 (Pt 3):602-610.





Important Note:

During shipment, small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. For products with volumes of  $200 \,\mu\text{L}$  or less, we recommend gently tapping the vial on a hard surface or briefly centrifuging the vial in a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the container's cap.

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