



# Tryptic Soy Agar - ICR 90 mm

Ordering number: 1665050020-CN/1665050120-CN

Tryptic Soy Agar - ICR in 90 mm settle plates is designed for the determination of the total aerobic microbial count in air via active or passive air monitoring as well as fingerprints of personnel in Isolators and Clean Rooms.

Ten settle plates each with a diameter of 90 mm are triple-bagged in transparent, hydrogen peroxide impermeable bags. The product is gamma-irradiated in the final packaging at a dose of 9-20 kGy. The bags consist of polypropylene with a barrier of PE-EVOH-PE.

The formulation of the basic medium (Soybean-Casein Digest Agar) is prepared according to the recommendations of the current European, Japanese and United States Pharmacopoeia (EP, 2.6.12.; JP, 4.05 and USP, 61).

## Mode of Action

Tryptic Soy Agar (TSA, Soybean Casein Digest Agar) is a complex medium for cultivation and isolation of a wide range of bacteria, yeasts and molds. The medium is supplemented with pyruvate in order to provide an efficient neutralization of hydrogen peroxide for use in isolators.

## Typical Composition

Casein Peptone	15 g/l
Soy Peptone	5 g/l
NaCl	5 g/l
Agar	15 g/l

The appearance of the medium is clear and yellowish. The pH value is in the range of 7.1-7.5. The medium can be adjusted and/or supplemented according to the performance criteria required.

## Application and Interpretation

The plates are introduced into cleanrooms grade A or B by removing one bag in each material lock. For use in isolators the inner bag has a hole in the sealing to hang up the bag during decontamination. Do not leave plates which are unprotected (unwrapped) in an isolator during decontamination.

Each plate is provided with a label including a data matrix code for paperless plate identification. The code consists of a two-dimensional 24-digit serial number, which harbors the following information:

Digits 1-3: here code N05 (corresponds to article 166505); digits 4-13: lot number; digits 14-18: batch specific individual number; digits 19-24: expiration date (YY/MM/DD). Please check each agar plate on sterility before using it and pay attention to aseptic handling in order to avoid false positive results.

The plates may be used for passive or active air monitoring as described in USP chapter <1116> or ISO 14698. For active air sampling please follow the guidance of the air sampler. Typically, 1000 liter of air are sampled for quantification of CFU. The exposure time of opened settle plates should be validated with respect to the environmental conditions of the sampling area such as flow rates, temperatures and relative humidity to preclude desiccation. Afterwards the plates are closed and transferred to an incubator. To protect the plates from secondary contamination during transport and incubation outside of the cleanroom zone, sterile transport bags (article number 146509) may be used. Several recommendations are given by different guidelines for incubation: according to USP <1116> the plates used for environmental monitoring should be incubated between 20 and 35 °C for not less than 72 hours. According to the FDA Aseptic Guide the plates for determination of the total aerobic bacterial count should be incubated at 30 to 35 °C for 48 to 72 hours, while the plates for determination of the total yeast and mold count should be incubated at 20 to 25 °C for 5 to 7 days. Individual incubation conditions can be chosen and should be validated at the application side. For anaerobic incubation we recommend to use the lockable version in „VENT“ position, which facilitates the gas exchange within the plate.

Finally, the number of CFU per plate is examined.

Grown colonies are recommended to be identified.

## Storage and Shelf Life

The product can be used for sampling until the expiry date if stored upright, protected from light and properly sealed at 2 °C to 25 °C.

Condensation can be prevented by avoiding quick temperature shifts and mechanical stress.

Please store the plates at stable temperatures. The plates show minimum water condensation when stored at 15 °C to 25 °C.

The testing procedures as described on the CoA can be started up to the expiry date printed on the label.

## Disposal

Please mind the respective regulations for the disposal of used culture medium (e.g. autoclave for 20 min at 121 °C, disinfect, incinerate etc.).

## Quality Control

Control Strains	ATCC #	Inoculum CFU	Incubation	Expected Result Recovery
Staphylococcus aureus	6538	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200 %
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	9027	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200 %
Bacillus subtilis	6633	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200 %
Candida albicans	10231	10-100	44-48 h at 30-35 °C	50-200 %
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	10-100	44-48 h at 30-35 °C	50-200 %

Please refer to the actual batch related Certificate of Analysis.

## Literature

European Pharmacopoeia: 2.6.12. Microbial examination of non-sterile products (microbial enumeration tests).

ISO 14698-1:2003: Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments - Biocontamination control - Part 1: General principles and methods.

Japanese Pharmacopoeia: 4.05 Microbiological Examination of Non-Sterile Products.

PDA Technical Report: Fundamentals of an Environmental Monitoring Program.

United States Pharmacopoeia: <61> Microbiological Examination of Non-Sterile Products: Microbial Enumeration Tests; <1116> Microbiological Control and Monitoring of Aseptic Processing Environments.

## Ordering Information

Product	Cat. No.	Pack size
Tryptic Soy Agar - ICR	1665050020-CN	20 x 90 mm plates
Tryptic Soy Agar - ICR	1665050120-CN	120 x 90 mm plates
Tryptic Soy Agar - ICR+	1666850020-CN	20 x 90 mm plates
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Transport Bags, sterile	1.46509.0125	25 x 5 bags

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