Millipore Filtration, Separation & Preparation **Data Sheet**



Eshmuno[®] P Chromatography Resins

High performance, acid and alkaline resistant affinity chromatography resins designed for the removal of anti-A and anti-B antibodies from plasma-derived immunoglobulin (Ig).

Trace amounts of anti-A and anti-B isoagglutinins in plasmaderived immunoglobulin (Ig) have been associated with increased patient risk for hemolysis, a serious and sometimes fatal complication.

Eshmuno[®] P anti-A and Eshmuno[®] P anti-B are two distinct affinity based chromatography resins specifically designed to effectively remove anti-A and anti-B isoagglutinins, respectively.

Key Advantages:

- Reduced patient risks
- Improved economics
- Operational flexibility
- Improved quality control

Proven Technology

Eshmuno[®] P resins leverage the proven technology of the highly stable Eshmuno[®] base matrix coupled with target specific ligands. Eshmuno[®] P resins are synthesized via immobilization of trisaccharide blood group antigens (A & B) on to the Eshmuno[®] base matrix, which is a rigid and hydrophilic polymer based on polyvinylether.



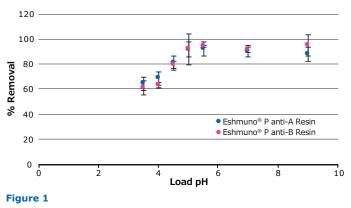
The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the U.S. and Canada.

Merck

Reduced Patient Risk

Eshmuno[®] P resins help reduce the risk of hemolytic reactions by reducing the levels of anti-A and anti-B isoagglutinins in the final product.

Both resins show excellent anti-A and anti-B removal capacity: Greater than 75% of anti-A and anti-B removed between pH 5 through pH 9. Refer to figure 1 below.



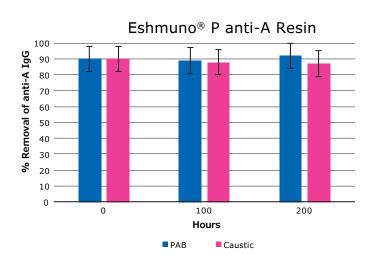


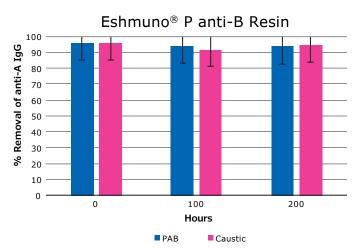
Improved Economics

The ability to reuse chromatography resins is important for designing cost effective purification processes. Such reuse is enabled by stability of the media in routine cleaning solutions. Eshmuno[®] P resins can be used for multiple cycles employing acid or alkaline cleaning without loss of performance.

Studies for reuse after cleaning-in-place (CIP) were simulated by exposing the Eshmuno[®] P resins to two common CIP solutions for 200 hours. The solutions were 0.5 M NaOH and a solution of 120 mM phosphoric acid, 167 mM acetic acid and 2.2% benzyl alcohol, which is typically referred to as PAB. The stability of the resins and therefore, the ability to reuse was confirmed by testing the anti-A and anti-B removal capacity of the resins before and after the exposure to the CIP solutions.

The results of these studies are shown in figures 2 and 3 below. Both Eshmuno[®] P resins show minimal to no reduction in the removal capacity up to 200 hours of exposure to 0.5 M NaOH and PAB solutions enabling reuse for multiple cycles depending upon the cycle definition.



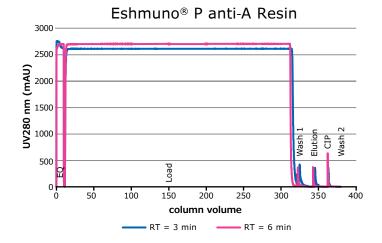


Figures 2 and 3

Alkaline and acid resistance for Eshmuno® P Anti-A and Anti-B media.

Operational Flexibility

Eshmuno[®] P resins show excellent removal of anti-A and anti-B issoagglutinins with high product yields irrespective of flow rates. This translates into high productivity with operational flexibility for Eshmuno[®] P resins. Figures 4 and 5, and table 1 illustrate these benefits.



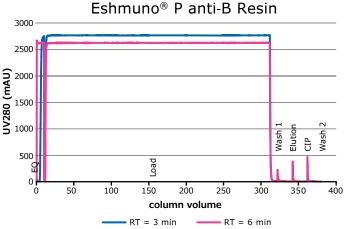


Figure 4 and 5

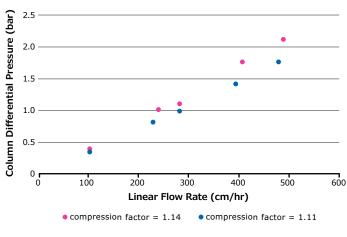
Chromatograms for Eshmuno $^{\circledast}$ P anti-A and anti-B at 3 and 6 minute residence times

	3 min residence time		6 min residence time	
Resin	Removal (%)	Yield (%)	Removal (%)	Yield (%)
Eshmuno [®] P anti-A resin	93	96	90	97
Eshmuno [®] P anti-B resin	94	97	93	99

Table 1

% anti-A/B Removal and % Yields in Flow-through at IgG load of 3 kg/L and pH = 5.5

The intrinsic rigidity of Eshmuno[®] P base matrix ensures a linear relationship between back pressure and flow rates throughout the standard range of operating conditions. Figure 6 below shows the pressure versus flow curves for a column of 20 cm id \times 20 cm height at the compression factors of 1.11 and 1.14. The recommended range of compression factor is 1.11 to 1.17.



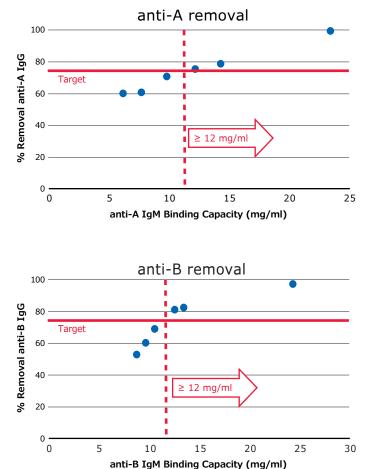


Pressure versus Flow Curves

Improved Quality Control

The classical agglutination assays used to measure anti-A and anti-B levels are known to be highly variable due to the nature of the test and the test samples. To avoid the inconsistency of conventional assays, we developed an innovative assay to test for the resin performance. This novel assay is used for the routine quality control testing of Eshmuno[®] P resins. The assay is highly simplified, and involves measuring the depletion of the IgM after incubation with respective Eshmuno[®] P resins using UV spectroscopy. The applicability of this method is confirmed by establishing a correlation between IgM binding capacity and ability to remove anti-A or anti-B Ig.

A linear relationship is observed between the resin's anti-A and anti-B IgM binding capacity and the ability to remove anti-A and anti-B IgG, respectively. Resins with IgM binding capacity of \geq 12 mg/ml show higher than 75% removal in case of both anti-A and anti-B IgG. This is shown in figures 7 and 8 below.



Figures 7 and 8

anti-A and anti-B IgM Binding Capacity Correlation to % Removal.

Media characteristics overview

Туре	Affinity media
Base material (or matrix)	Hydrophilic polyvinylether
Functional group	Trisaccharide blood group antigens (A or B)
Mean particle diameter	~ 50 µm
Cleaning pH stability	1.5 - 13.5
Operating pH range	2.0 - 9.0
Mechanical stability	8 bar
Linear flow rate	> 500 cm/hr (20 cm bed height at 2 bar)
Shipping solution	20% ethanol

Ordering Information

Product	Size	Order No.
Eshmuno [®] P anti-A	10 mL	1.20094.0010
	100 mL	1.20094.0100
	500 mL	1.20094.0500
	5 L	1.20094.5000
Eshmuno [®] P anti-B	10 mL	1.20095.0010
	100 mL	1.20095.0100
	500 mL	1.20095.0500
	5 L	1.20095.5000

Ordering information for commonly used buffer and cleaning/sanitization solutions.

Buffer Preparation

Product	Order No.
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate suitable for biopharmaceutical production ${\rm EMPROVE}^{\otimes}$ bio Ph Eur,BP,NF	137039
di-Potassium hydrogen phosphate anhydrous suitable for biopharmaceutical production ${\rm EMPROVE}^{\otimes}$ bio Ph Eur, BP, USP	137010
Sodium chloride suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio Ph Eur, BP, JP, USP	137017
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate dehydrate suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio Ph Eur, BP, USP, JPE	137018
Sodium hydroxide pellets suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio Ph Eur, BP, JP, NF, ACS	137020
Sodium hydroxide solution 1 mol/L suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE® bio	137031
Glycine Hydrochloride	G2879
Acetic acid 1 mol/L suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio	137035

Column Cleaning & Storage of Eshmuno® Resins

Product	Order No.
Ethanol 20% for storage of biochromatography resins	480910
Sodium hydroxide solution 0,5 mol/L suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE® bio	137060

Column Cleaning & Storage of Affinity Resins

Product	Order No.
Acetic acid 1 mol/L suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio	137035
Acetic acid 30% suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE [®] bio Ph Helv	137047
Benzyl alcohol suitable for biopharmaceutical production EMPROVE® bio Ph Eur, BP, JP, NF, ACS	137043
Ortho-Phosphoric acid 75% suitable for biopharmaceutical production	100250

For additional information, please visit MerckMillipore.com

To place an order or receive technical assistance, please visit MerckMillipore.com/contactPS



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