Merck

Supelco_®





Fast and efficient water determination in aldehyde and ketone samples

With Aquastar® Coulometric Reagents

Specific reagents are required to achieve accurate water determination results with the Karl Fischer method in samples containing aldehydes or ketones.

Without these special reagents, the methanol in the standard coulometric Karl Fischer reagent reacts with aldehydes and ketones and forms Ketals or Acetals. This reaction releases water, which adds to the water in your sample and leads to incorrect results that are too high. A second side reaction, the so-called bisulfite addition, leads to incorrect lower water content results. Especially the reactive aldehydes tend more to this side reaction, because it reacts with the sulfur dioxide from the reagent and the water in the sample. Therefore, a fast titration is always important to suppress the bisulfite addition.

With the new anode a cathode reagent for aldehyde & ketones the side reactions can be avoided. The reagents are methanol free and favor a fast titration to get accurate and correct results.

Benefits:

- Methanol free
- Avoids side reaction with methanol no formation of acetals or ketals and water
- Suppress bisulfite addition because of a fast titration
- · High accuracy and reproducibility
- Excellent precision



Determination of the water content in aldehyde or ketone samples with standard coulometric reagents causes both side reactions.

The bisulfite addition is more pronounced with aldehydes.

Side reaction: with methanol

Reaction producing water

Reaction with methanol:

- · Formation of acetals or ketals and water
- · Endpoints are declining
- · Tirtration curves are sluggish
- · Leads to wrong results which are too high

Side reaction: bisulfite addition

Reaction consuming water

Bisulfite addition:

- Aldehydes & ketones react with water from the samples and the sulfur dioxide from the reagent
- Formation of a Sulfonate
- · Leads to wrong results which are too low

For correct and reproducible results, we recommend using our new methanol free coulometric reagents

Order Information

| Cat. No | Name | Content | Packaging |
|-------------------|---|-----------|----------------|
| 1880620500 | Anolyte K for Coulometry | 500 ml | glass bottle |
| 1880630010 | Catholyte K for Coulometry | 10 x 5 ml | glass vials |
| Used with standar | ds | | |
| 1880500010 | Water standard 0.01 %; 0.1 mg/g | 10 x 8 ml | glass ampules |
| 1880510010 | Water standard 0.1 %; 1 mg/g | 10 x 8 ml | glass ampoules |
| Used with molecul | ar sieve | | |
| 1057410250 | Molecular sieve 0.3 mm rods | 250 g | PE bottle |
| 1057340250 | Molecular sieve 0.3 mm beads with indicator | 250 g | PE bottle |
| 1057040250 | Molecular sieve 0.3 mm beads | 250 g | PE bottle |

Contact:

Applications: **SigmaAldrich.com/application-note**Application support: **aquastar@merckgroup.com**

To know more about our Aquastar® Karl Fischer Reagents, visit SigmaAldrich.com/titration

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To place an order or receive technical assistance

Order/Customer Service: SigmaAldrich.com/order Technical Service: SigmaAldrich.com/techservice

Safety-related Information: SigmaAldrich.com/safetycenter

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